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| Chapter 26: World War 1 and the Russian Revolution |
| Section 1: The Great War Begins |
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| 1) Alliances Draw Lines |
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| A) The Triple Alliance |
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| B) The Triple Entente |
| KT: Entente: |
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| 2) Rivalries and Nationalism Increase Tension |
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| KT: status: |
| A) Competition |
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| KT: overseas: |
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| KT: militarism: |
| B) Nationalism |
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| KT: Alsace and Lorraine: |
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| 3) The Powder Keg Ignites |
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| A) Assassination in Sarajevo |
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| > |
| B) Austria Strikes Back |
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| KT: ultimatum: |
| 4) Alliances Kick In |
| > |
| A) Russia and France Back Serbia |
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| KT: mobilize: |
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| B) Germany Invades Belgium |
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| KT: Neutrality: |
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| 5) Reaction to the War |
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| Section 2: A New Kind of War |
| > |
| 1) Stalemate on the Western Front |
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| KT: stalemate: |
| 2) Technology of Modern Warfare |
| > |
| A) Poison Gas |
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| B) tanks, Airplanes, and Submarines |
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| > |
| KT: utilized: |
| KT: zeppelins |
| KT: confronted |
| KT:U-boats |
| KT:convoys |
| 3) Battle on Other European Fronts |
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| C) Russian Loses on the Eastern Front |
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| D) New Combatants in the Balkans and Southern Europe |
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| 4) War Around the World |
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| A) The Ottoman Empire Joins the Central Powers |
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| KT) Dardanelles: |
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| KT) T. E. Lawrence: |
| B) War and the Colonies |
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| Section 3: Winning the War |
| > |
| 1) Waging Total War |
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| KT) Total War: |
| A) Economics Committed to War Productions |
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| KT) conscription: |
| > |
| B) Economic Warfare |
| > |
| KT) contraband: |
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| KT) Lusitania: |
| C) Propaganda War |
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| KT) Propaganda: |
| KT) atrocities: |
| D) Women Join the War Effort |
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| 2) Morale Collapses |
| > |
| A) War Fatigue |
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| B) Revolution in Russia |
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| 3) The United States Declares War |
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| A) Why Join the Allies? |
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| B) Declaring War |
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| > |
| C) The Fourteen Points |
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| KT) Fourteen Points: |
| KT) self-determination: |
| 4) Victory at Last |
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| KT) armistice: |
| Section 4: Making the Peace |
| > |
| 1) The Cost of War |
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| KT) pandemic: |
| A) The Financial Toll |
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| KT) reparations: |
| B) Political Turmoil |
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| KT) radicals: |
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| 2) The Paris Peace Conference |
| > |
| A) Conflicting Goals |
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| B) Problems With the Peace |
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| KT) collective security: |
| 3) The Treaty of Versailles |
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| 4) Outcome of the Peace Settlements |
| > |
| KT) widespread: |
| A) Self-Determination in Eastern Europe |
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| B) The Mandate System |
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| KT) mandates: |
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| C) The League of Nations Offers Hope |
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| Section 5: Revolution and Civil War in Russia |
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| 1) The March Revolution Ends Tsarism |
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| A) Unrest Deepens |
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| KT) proletariat: |
| B) Impact of World War I |
| > |
| KT) crucial: |
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| C) The Tsar Steps Down |
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| KT) soviets: |
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| 2) Lenin and the Bolsheviks |
| > |
| A) A Brilliant Revolutionary |
| > |
| B) Lenin’s View of Marx |
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| 3) The November Revolution Brings the Bolsheviks to Power |
| > |
| A) The Provisional Government’s Mistakes |
| > |
| B) The Bolshevik Takeover |
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| > |
| 4) Russia Plunges Into Civil War |
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| KT) withdrawal: |
| A) Opposing Forces |
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| B) War Under Communism |
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| KT) Cheka: |
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| KT) commissars: |
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| 5) Building the Communist Soviet Union |
| > |
| A) New Government, Same Problems |
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| B) Lenin’s New Economic Policy |
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| C) Stalin Takes Over |
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