1. the trade route that transported African slaves to the Americas
2. an Aztec emperor
3. people who take financial risk to make profits
4. the Spanish who vanquished the Americas
5. a system used to force Native Americans to labor under brutal conditions
6. those who ruled Spain’s colonies in the name of the Spanish monarchs
7. an economic policy based a nation exporting more goods than it imports
8. an explorer who fought and subdued the Aztecs
9. claimed much of present-day eastern Canada for France
10. pirates who operated with the approval of European governments
11. the belief that a monarch’s authority comes directly from God
12. high-ranking government leaders who advise the head of state
13. landowning Russian nobles under Peter the Great
14. German princes who chose the Holy Roman emperor
15. French Protestants whose freedoms were protected by Henry IV
16. the division of Poland among Russia, Prussia, and Austria
17. English Protestants who differed with the Church of England
18. a Greek painter who was a master of the Spanish style
19. soldiers for hire
20. royal officials who carried out the policies of Louis XIV
21. light and delicate artistic style popular during the reign of Louis XV
22. principle that all government power comes from the people
23. proposed the idea of separation of powers in government
24. his government made policies that helped bring about the American Revolution
25. argued that the forces of supply and demand in a free market can regulate business activity
26. informal social gathering where Enlightenment thinkers exchanged ideas
27. helped spread Enlightenment ideas by compiling articles by leading thinkers into a 28-volume work
28. chosen to command the American forces during the American Revolution
29. principal author of the Declaration of Independence
30. grand, ornate style of art and architecture popular during the age of Louis XIV
31. executed for demanding equal rights for French women
32. French middle class
33. war tactic in which Napoleon closed European ports to British goods
34. popular vote by ballot
35. war tactic involving hit-and-run raids
36. group of laws that reflecting Enlightenment principles
37. head of the French National Guard who fought alongside George Washington
38. one of the main leaders in the Reign of Terror
39. the old order in which France was divided into three social classes
40. method for carrying out executions during the Reign of Terror
41. a journalist who led a nationalist push for reform in Hungary
42. Latin Americans of Native American and European heritage
43. France’s “citizen king”
44. Spanish-born Latin Americans of the highest social class
45. self-ruleLatin Americans of African and European heritage
46. a period in which economic activity slows
47. a system of thought and belief
48. seized power in France using a plebiscite to win public approval
49. people who favor extreme change
50. those who manage and assume the financial risk of new businesses
51. utopian socialist who set up a model community in New Lanark, Scotland
52. British philosopher and economist who advocated utilitarianism
53. the working class
54. the movement of people to cities
55. a business organization in areas such as shipping, mining, or factories
56. a private toll road
57. a drug that prevents pain during surgery, patented by a dentist
58. an apartment building for the working class
59. improved the steam engine in the late 1700s
60. The southern tip of Africa became known as the Cape of Good Hope because
61. The Line of Demarcation divided world trade and exploration rights between the
62. How did European expansion of the slave trade affect African states in the 1600s and 1700s?
63. Who were the Boers?
64. Large quantities of American silver flowed into the economies of East Asia through what important Spanish trading center?

65 To conquer the Aztec empire, Hernán Cortés

66. The conquistador who added the lands of the present-day countries of Peru, Ecuador, and Chile to the Spanish empire was

67. At the top of Spanish colonial society were the

68. Through the Treaty of Tordesillas in 1494,

69. The population of New France grew slowly because

70. The English colonies of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, and Maryland were mainly set up as

71. The first leg of the triangular trade route

72. What is an estimate of the number of Africans that probably died in passage to the Americas during the Atlantic slave trade?

73. Widespread inflation struck Europe in the mid-1500s due to the increasing amounts of

74. What mercantilist policy was designed to protect local industries from foreign competition?

75. What was a major threat to the empire of Charles V?

76 An important goal of Philip II of Spain was to

77 In 1598, the Edict of Nantes helped to ensure

78. What type of government was created in England by the Glorious Revolution?

79. What was a result of the treaty known as the Peace of Westphalia in 1648?

80. What did Maria Theresa do to strengthen the Hapsburg empire?

81. Peter the Great waged war against the Ottoman empire to

82. Under the rule of Catherine the Great,

83. What was a major threat to the empire of Charles V?

84. An important goal of Philip II of Spain was to

85. What rules discoverable by reason did Enlightenment thinkers try to apply to the study of human behavior and society?

86. In *A Vindication of the Rights of Woman,* Mary Wollstonecraft argued that women and men should have equal

87. Physiocrats supported a government policy of

88. Enlightenment writers often faced censorship because they

89. An enlightened despot was a ruler who

90. Which enlightened despot traveled among the peasants in disguise to learn about their problems?

91 In France’s old order, the clergy belonged to the

92 Louis XVI was forced to dismiss his financial advisor, Jacques Necker, when Necker proposed

93. One important result of the Estates-General was

94 During the Industrial Revolution, life changed in what basic way?

95. The cotton gin was a machine that could

96. The first factories developed in what industry?

97 The Concert of Europe was an agreement to

98. The ideas of liberals were sometimes called “bourgeois liberalism” because liberals spoke mostly for the

99. Creating a homeland for people who shared a common heritage was a major goal of

100

What should you do if you are going to be absent the day an assignment is due?

 A. Call 904-213-5236 and leave a message.

 B. Email : absadlo@oneclay.net

C. Have your friend bring your due assignment

D. Have your mommy/Daddy do A and/or B

 E. Turn in assignment when you return

 AB. A, B, C, D

AC. A, C, D, E